Name: Weekly Review 11 – Due Thursday, 11/19 Bring to class, having attempted as much as possible We will grade in class Turn in corrected assignment to Blackboard after class

- 1. (1 point) "Crowding out" due to government spending refers to ...
 - a. supply-side tax cuts reducing entitlement spending.
 - b. reduced consumption due to increases in marginal tax rates.
 - c. a reduction in the availability of private capital.
 - d. None of these.
- 2. (1 point) The government has a budget deficit if...
 - a. total government tax revenues are greater than the total government outlays.
 - b. total government tax revenues are equal to the total government outlays.
 - c. total government tax revenues are less than the total government outlays.
 - d. total government tax revenues are greater than government transfers.
- 3. (1 point) What does Classical monetary theory state will happen with an increase in the money supply?
 - a. Prices will fall and GDP will rise
 - b. Prices and GDP will both rise
 - c. Prices will rise and GDP will remain the same
 - d. Prices will rise and GDP will fall
- 4. (1 point) The real money supply is equal to...
 - a. the nominal money supply divided by the velocity of money.
 - b. the nominal money supply divided by depreciation.
 - c. the nominal money supply divided by the general price level.
 - d. the nominal money supply times the velocity of money.
- 5. (1 point) Which economic theory suggests it is currently possible for the US government to put money into circulation without issuing debt and still not encounter dangerous inflation?
 - a. Classical
 - b. Neoclassical
 - c. Monetarists
 - d. Modern Monetarists

- 6. (1 point) Which of the following is NOT a way that the US government finances its expenditure?
 - a. Collecting taxes from households and businesses
 - b. Receiving unsolicited contributions from the private sector
 - c. Borrowing from households
 - d. Injecting currency into the economy by printing
- 7. Match the following words with their definitions (4 points)
 - a. Debt _____
 - b. Deficit_____
 - c. Debt-to-GDP ratio_____
 - d. Deficit-to-GDP ratio_____

Select one of the following for each of the above

- e. How many years of economic activity it would take to repay money owed
- f. T-G
- g. The total amount owed
- h. What percentage of that years economic activity was financed by borrowing from the government