Medicinal Plants in Afro-Brazil





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Afro-Brazil

Project Background and Name of Plants

Project Background

- Black Studies Across the Americas: Combining Black Studies with STEM in
- **Topic: Medicinal Plants**
 - Name of plants
 - Ruta graveolens
 - **Capsicum Frutescens**
 - Plectranthus Amboinicus
 - Hymenaea Courbaril
 - Hyptis Crenata



Objective and Research Questions

Objective:

To identify and research medicinal plants and their cultural significance in various Afro-descendant communities in Brazil.

Questions

- 1. What medicinal plants are used among different Afrodescendant communities in Brazil?
- 2. What medicinal properties do these plants have and how are they used?
- 3. How are medicinal plants connected to Afro-Brazilian culture, religion, and spirituality?



Methods and Approach

- Locate topic-relevant sources by utilizing keyword searches (ethnobotany, medical plants, ethnopharmacology, Afrodescendant, Afro-Brazil, Brazilian traditional medicine) in online databases---Google Scholar, Onesearch, and Academic Search Complete
 - Evaluated research articles to locate information regarding the plant and its medicinal properties
- Online blogs were used to provide further information on everyday uses of plant • Blogs further described techniques and preparations of the plant for various uses included medicinal purposes
- Work with collaborators from Brazil, Tatiana Damasceno and Alex Alberto Santos
- Visiting the Reyes Botanica in Washington Heights, Manhattan





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Results and Key Findings Which medicinal plants uses are shared among different Afro-descendant communities in Brazil?

How are medicinal plants connected to Afro-Brazilian culture, religion and spirituality?

Using information from ethnobotanical studies of various Afrodescendent communities around Brazil, we created a table containing a list of medicinal plants and indicated whether or not each plant is reported to be used in each of the communities.

From this table, we selected plants that occurred in multiple communities to further research the medicinal properties and cultural significance of.

- Ruta graveolens
- Capsicum Frutescens
- Plectranthus Amboinicus
- Hymenaea Courbaril
- Hyptis Crenata

COMMON NAME
Boticudo ou Mané-velho
Leopoldina
Benzetacil
Cajueiro
Abacaxi
Graviola
Margosa
Beterraba
Picão
Caiçara
Folha-da-fortuna, folha-da-cos

	SCIENTIFIC NAME	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	Acanthospermum hispidum	х				х	
	Alpinia zerumbet	х		x			
	Alternanthera brasiliana	х			х		
	Anacardium occidentale	х			х	x	
	Ananas comosus	х			х		
	Annona muricata	х		x		х	
	Artemisia absinthium		х	x	х		
	Beta vulgaris	х			х		
	Bidens pilosa	х		x			
	Borreria verticillata			x		x	
costa	Bryophyllum pinnatum	х			х		



Capsicum Frutescens



Plectranthus Amboinicus



Hyptis Crenata



Ruta graveolens



Hymenaea Courbaril

Other Findings:

• A level of commonality within the medicinal plant usage of Afro-descendants in Brazil.

Many plants such as cajueiro (Anacardium occidentale, margosa (Artemisia absinthium), and mastruz (Chenopodium ambrosioides) are used by 3 or more of the studied Brazilian Afrodescendant communities.

• Plants are significant to many black Brazilians for both spiritual and medicinal purposes.

For many black Brazilians practicing or influenced by African–derived religions like Candomblé, the distinction between "medical" and "spiritual" ailments can be unclear.

Significant overlap between plants used for medicine and religion.

• A single medicinal plant can have numerous applications.

Ex: Rue has numerous medical properties ranging from an abortive to anti-inflammation, and equally as many spiritual uses such as warding away the evil eye, and for good fortune.

Conclusion

Our research revealed that the study of medicinal plants lies at the intersection of many different but related fields:

Chemistry, biology, ecology, and botany. Ethnobotany, anthropology, Black studies, and theology.

The overlap of these fields must be considered together in order to to truly understand the whole picture of medicinal plants in Afro-Brazil.

Reflections

Working on this project was both challenging and rewarding. It taught us to effectively use available resources, work as a team, and follow strict deadlines. Through this process, we did not only deepened our understanding of medicinal plants in Afro-Brazil but also became more aware of how natural resources are globally underused. This experience highlighted the significance of interdisciplinary research and reinforced the importance of preserving and fully exploring the potential of natural resources for the benefit of all.

THANK YOU

