

Touch Friendly Controls

And how to specify their sizes on the screen

Touch target size

Any screen element that people can click, touch, or otherwise interact with should be large enough for reliable and comfortable interaction.



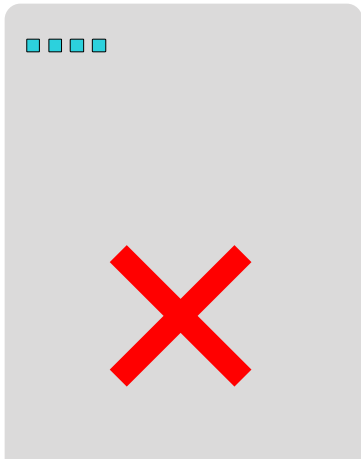
Touch target size

The usability experts in Nielsen Norman Group recommend that interactive elements are at least:

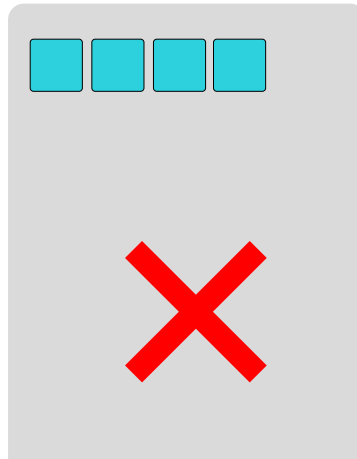
- 1cm × 1cm (0.4in × 0.4in) in physical, rendered size.
- positioned with enough space from other touch targets for easy and accurate interaction.
- [Read the complete discussion on their website.](#)



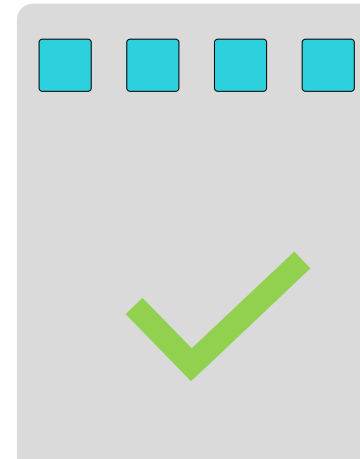
Touch target size and spacing



Touch target are too small



Touch target are the right size but too close together



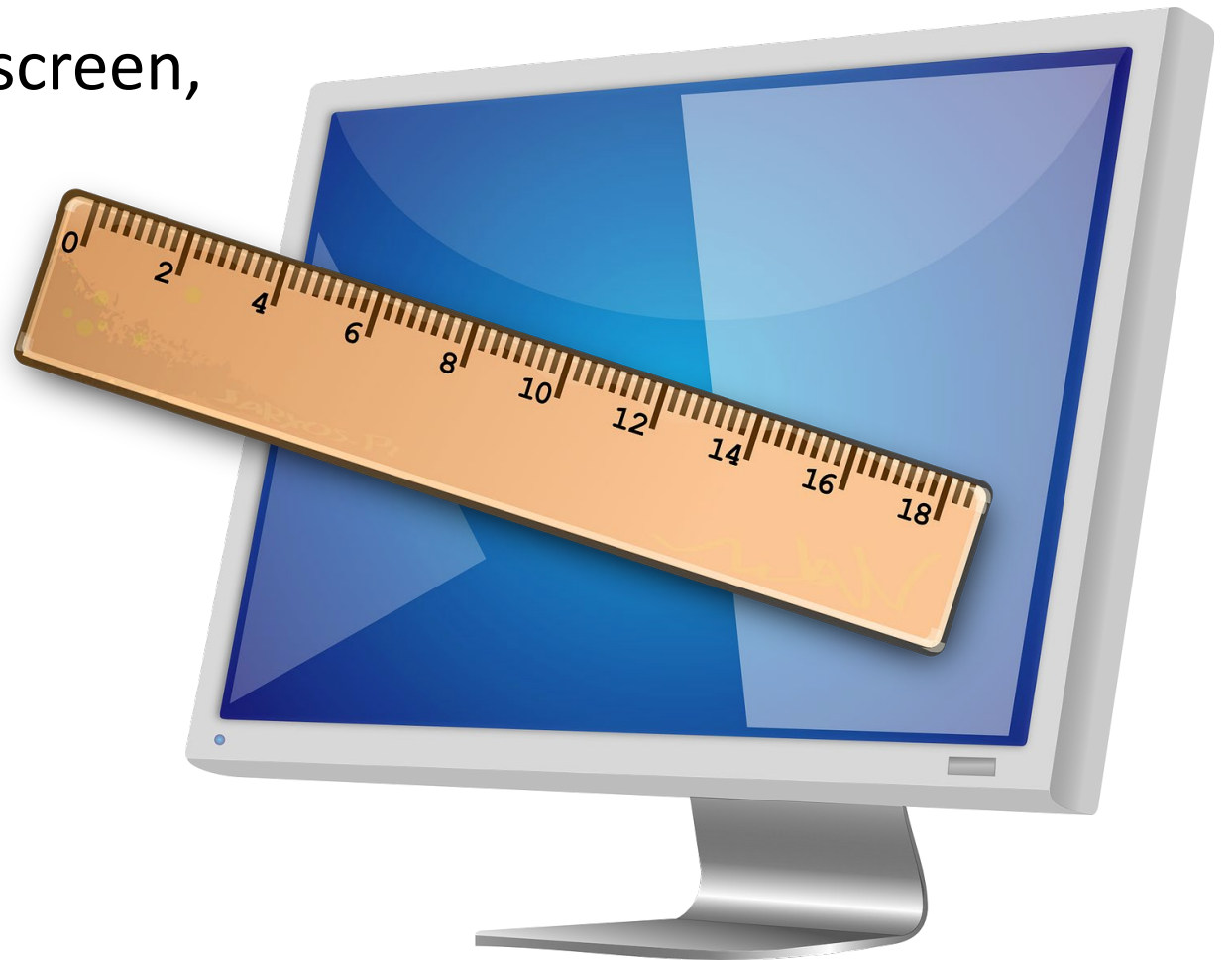
Touch target are the right size and spacing



Measuring Screen Elements

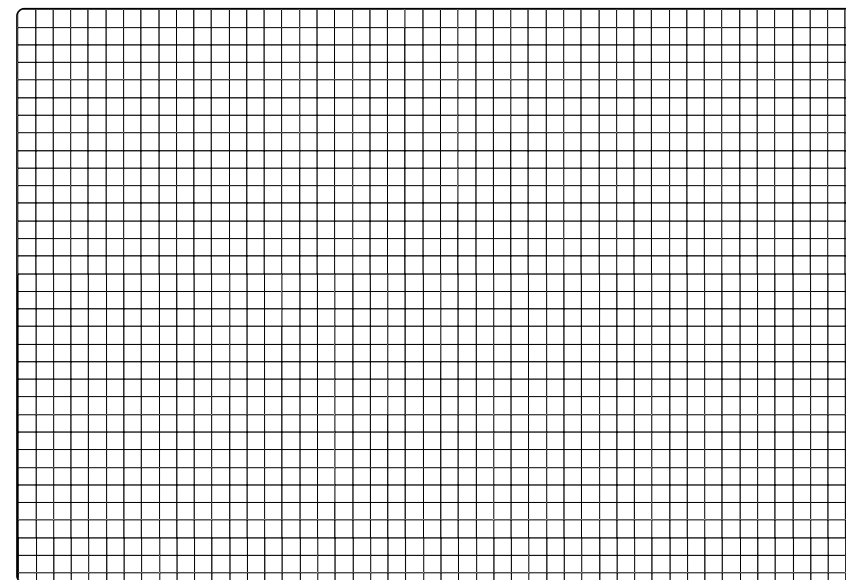
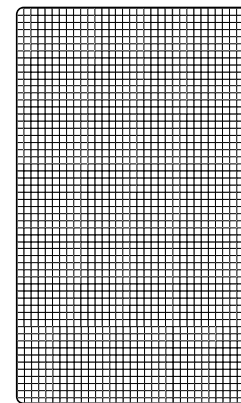
How would you measure 1 cm on a screen?

Yes, you can hold a ruler to the screen, but this is not practical.



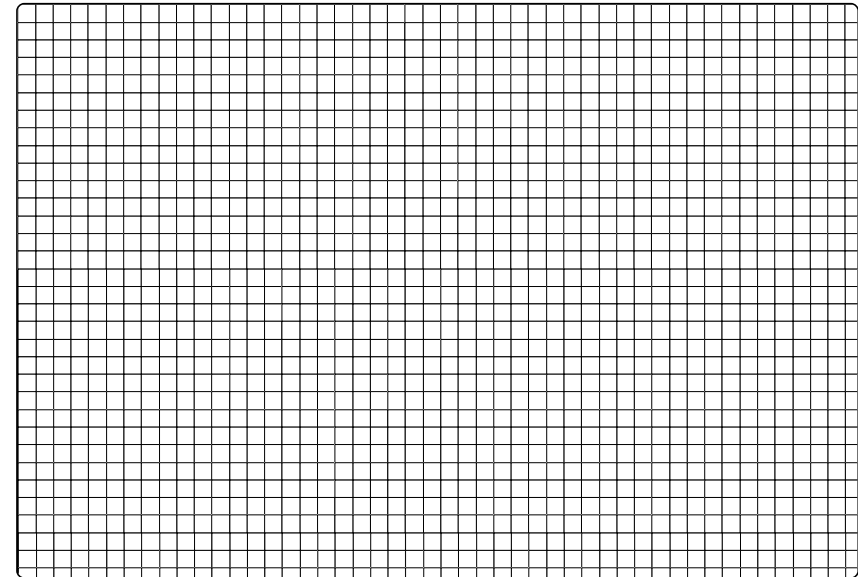
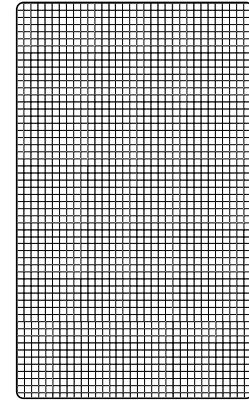
The Problem with Pixels

- Screen elements are usually measured in pixels, but pixels are of varied actual sizes, depending on the **pixel density (dpi, or dots per inch)** of the screen.
- High-density screens have more pixels per inch than low-density ones.
- Pixels on a high-density screen, like an iPhone screen, will be smaller than pixels on a lower density screen, like most computer screens.
- As a result, text and graphic elements of the same pixel dimensions appear larger on low-density screens, and smaller on high-density screens.



Density-independent pixels

- Google, Apple and other technology organizations have defined new units of measurements that are independent of pixel density.
- You can read about [Google's density independent pixels](#) here or go to the next slide for a summary.

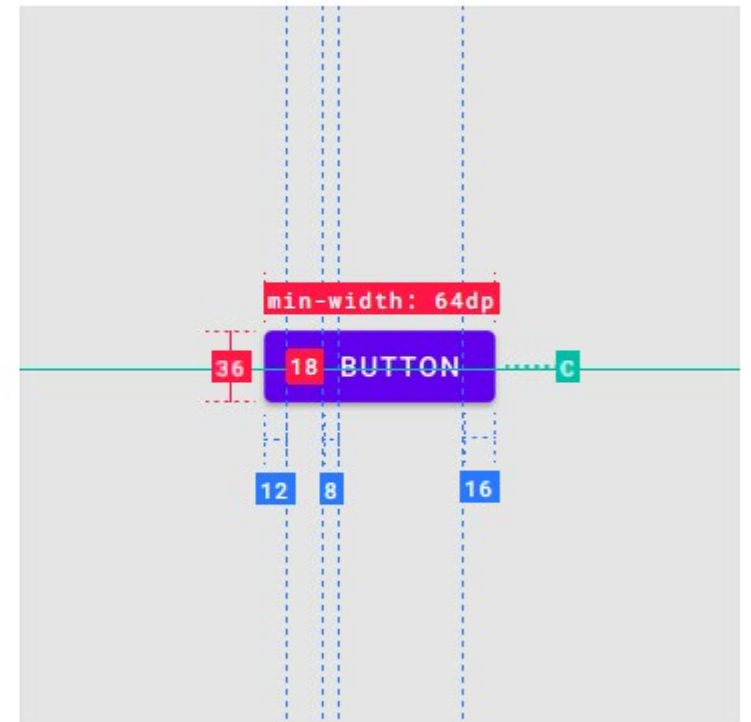
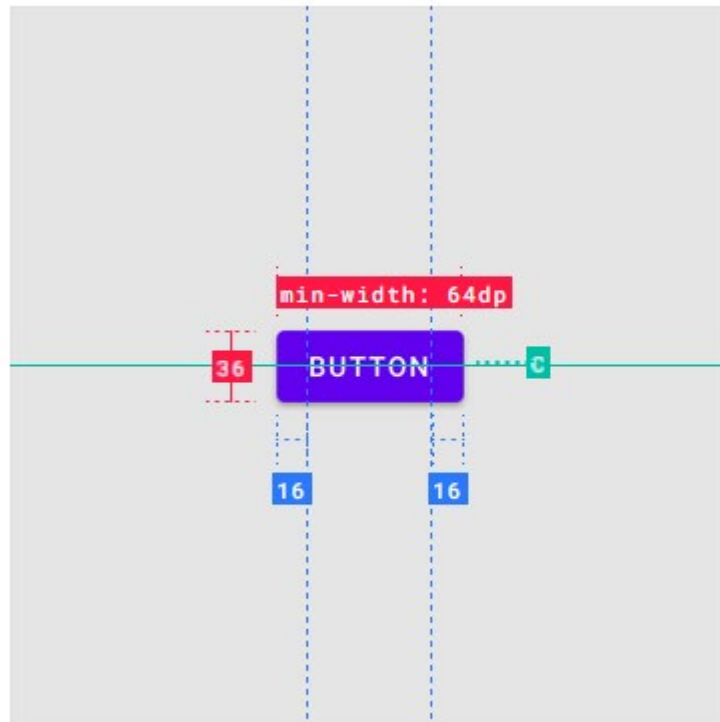


Measuring the Google Way

- Google took a screen density of 160px/inch as a reference point and created a new unit named *dp* (density independent) that is equal to 1px on a display with 160px/inch pixel density.
- 1 dp = one physical pixel on a screen with a density of 160
- Roughly, 1dp equals 1/160 of inch or 0.15875 mm.
- A button with a size of 48x100dp will look the same size on any screen density.
- If you develop apps for a Google system, such as Android, you can specify dp sizes and the system will do the necessary resizing to make sure it *looks* the same on all screens.

Measuring the Google Way

- The new unit (*dp*) allows Google to recommend sizing for interface elements, including touch targets and spacing.
- This image is from [Google Material Design specifications of button design](#).
- All the numbers are in *dp*.

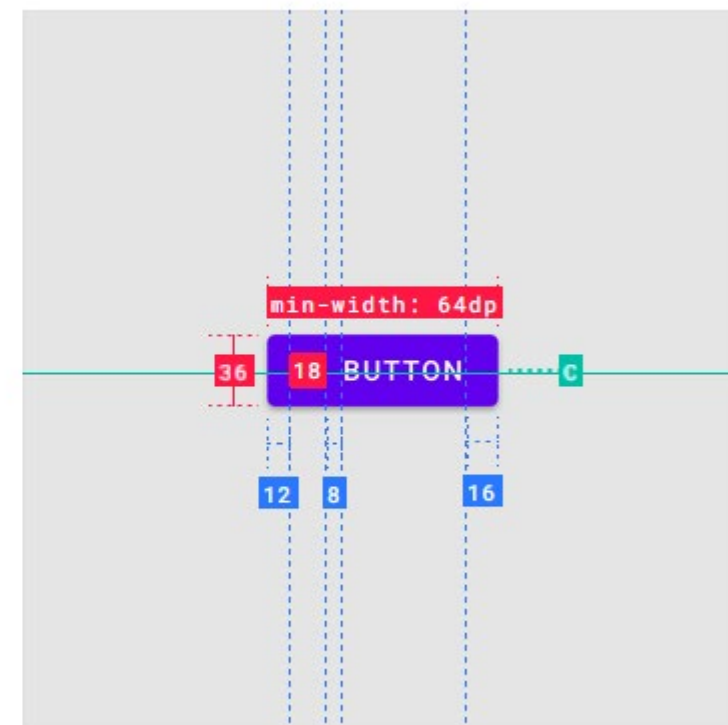
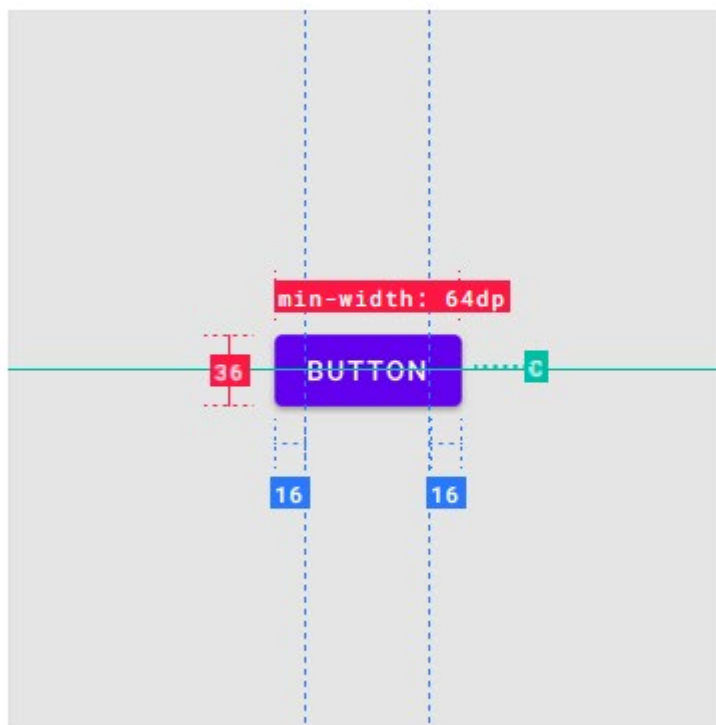


Measuring the Apple Way

- Apple has taken a similar approach but chose a different name for its unit: *point*, or *pt*.
- The physical size of the one *point* is roughly the same as one *dp*.
- Read about it in [this excellent article](#).

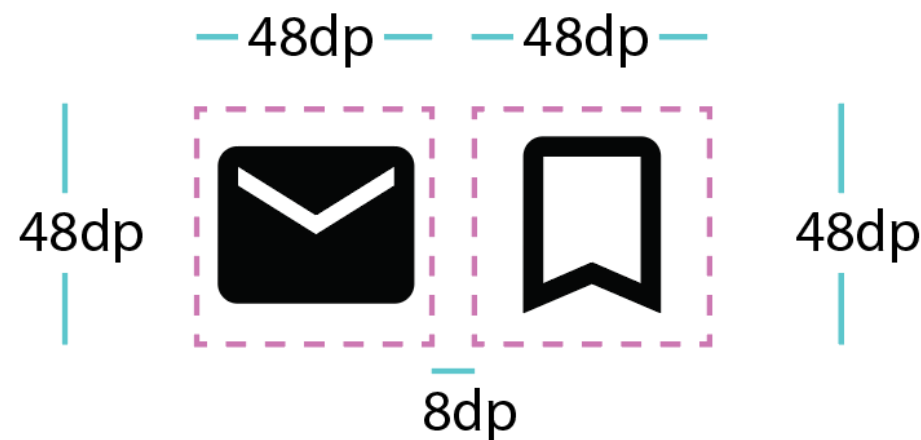
Back to Google's Button Specs...

- Google recommended that button on mobile devices are sized is 36dp high with a minimum of 64dp wide.
- 64dp translates to about 1cm, which agrees with Nielsen and Norman Guidelines.
- 36dp translates to about 0.57cm - smaller but works well for touch interactions with enough spacing from other elements.



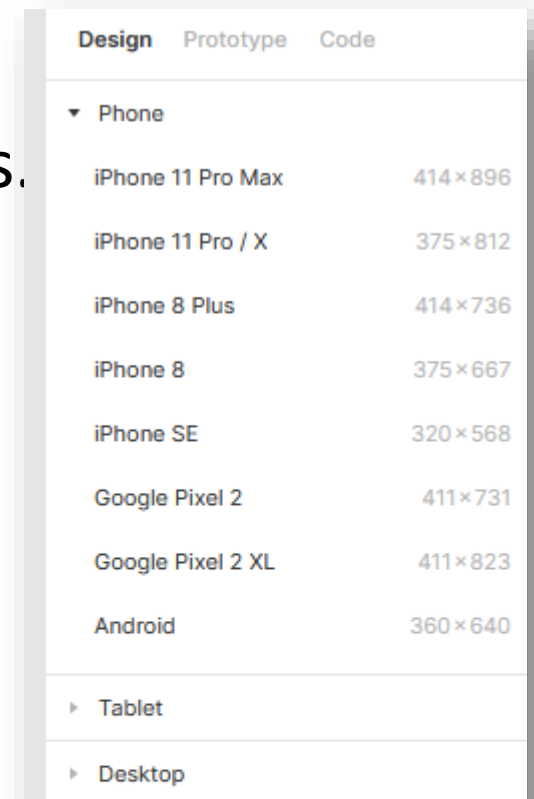
Back to Google's Button Specs...

- Generally, Material Design principles recommend that touch targets should be at least 48 x 48dp, with at least 8dp (or more) between them.
- The visible area of the touch target can be smaller than 48dp as long as the clickable area is at least 48x48dp.
- In the illustration on the right the icons are smaller than 48x48dp but a box of 48x48dp is defined as the touch target for each icon.



How to Use Google Specs?

- You are encouraged to use [Google Material Design guidelines](#).
- You can directly type the dp measurements recommended by Material design in Figma, as long as you set your frame size correctly.
- Choose one of Figma's presets for your frame size.
- The presets specify the **viewport** dimensions of devices.
- Viewport dimensions are scaled down versions of device resolutions that correspond with the Google *dp* and the Apple *point* units.
- To specify your device exact viewport look for it [here](#).



Design	Prototype	Code
▼ Phone		
iPhone 11 Pro Max		414×896
iPhone 11 Pro / X		375×812
iPhone 8 Plus		414×736
iPhone 8		375×667
iPhone SE		320×568
Google Pixel 2		411×731
Google Pixel 2 XL		411×823
Android		360×640
▶ Tablet		
▶ Desktop		

Android Pixel Calculator

dp Density-independent Pixels 62.992	sp Scale-independent Pixels 63
px Pixels 47	mm Millimeters 10
pt Points 28	in Inches 0.394